**CURRENT EVENTS TEST # 3: PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION 2020**

**MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.**

1) The electoral college was modified by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Amendment.

A) Twelfth B) Tenth C) Thirteenth D) Eleventh

2) The electoral college was a compromise designed to

A) enable men of character to select statesmen for the office of president.

B) make sure candidates appealed to a national, not a state, constituency.

C) avoid the need for political parties.

D) all of the above

3) In 1971, the voting age was lowered to 18 by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Amendment.

A) Twenty-sixth B) Seventeenth C) Twenty-ninth D) Fifteenth

4) In the event that a single candidate does not get a majority of electoral votes, the Constitution states that the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ decides the winner.

A) Supreme Court B) Senate C) entire Congress D) House of Representatives

5) In 1920, the American women received the right to vote by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Amendment.

A) Twenty-sixth B) Seventeenth C) Twenty-ninth D) Nineteenth

6) In 1924, Native Americans received the right to vote by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A) Tradition B) Indian Citizenship Act C) Voting Rights Act D) Civil Rights Act

7) In 1961, residents of Washington, DC received the right to vote by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Amendment.

A) Twenty-sixth B) Twenty-third C) Twenty-ninth D) Nineteenth

8) In 1870, African American males received the right to vote by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Amendment.

A) Twenty-sixth B) Seventeenth C) Twenty-ninth D) Fifteenth

9.) The electoral college is represented by \_\_\_\_\_ members from South Carolina.

A) nine B) eleven C) thirteen D) fifteen

**10. A State Senator can become an Elector for the Electoral College**

** True**

** False**

* **2**

**11. If none of the Presidential Candidates receive 270 Electoral votes then there must be another election**

** True**

** False**

* **3**

**12. The Electoral College was not created until the late 1900's**

** True**

** False**

* **4**

**13. A Presidential Candidate can win the election even if he/she did not win the popular vote**

** True**

** False**

* **8**

**14. All 50 states' electoral votes are given on a winner-takes-all basis**

** True**

** False**

* **9**

**15. The Electoral College was made due to the founding fathers' fear of uneducated people electing the President**

** True**

** False**

* **10**

**16. The District of Columbia is given 3 electoral votes even though it is not a state**

** True**

** False**

* **12**

**17. A Presidential Candidate can get 270 votes from only 11 states**

** True**

** False**

* **13**

**18. The highest possible number of electoral college votes is 538**

** True**

** False**

* **14**

**19. When a citizen votes in the Presidential Election, they are actually voting for the candidate's electors**

** True**

** False**

* **17**

**20. It is possible for there to be a tie in both the popular vote and the electoral vote**

** True**

** False**

* **18**

**21. The founding fathers established the Electoral College in the Constitution as a compromise between election of the President by a vote in Congress and election of the President by a popular vote of qualified citizens.**

** True**

** False**

* **2**

**22. A state is given electoral votes based on its population and two senators.**

** True**

** False**

* **3**

**23. The Electors are nominated by political parties.**

** True**

** False**

* **4**

**24. Washington D.C. gets electoral votes.**

** True**

** False**

* **14**

**25. It is possible for the candidate with the most popular vote to lose the election.**

** True**

** False**

* **15**